**TEMPLATE 2 - Full Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA)** In order to carry out this assessment, it is important that you have completed the EqIA E-learning Module and read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs. Please refer to these to assist you in completing this form and assessment.

What are the proposals being assessed? ( <b>Note</b> : 'proposal' includes a new policy, policy review, service review, function, strategy, project, procedure, restructure)		SNT3 Programme: (1) refreshed policy (2) introduction of new services (3) shifting towards being a commissioned service through externalisation		
Which Directorate / Service has respor	sibility for this?	Children's & Families Services		
Name and job title of lead officer		Roger Rickman		
Name & contact details of the other pe EqIA:	rsons involved in the	Ben Sellar-Moore (8218: <u>ben.sellar-moore@harrow.gov.uk</u> )		
Date of assessment:		25 <sup>th</sup> February 2013		
<ul> <li>Stage 1: Overview</li> <li>1. What are the aims, objectives, and desired outcomes of your proposals?</li> <li>(Explain proposals e.g. reduction / removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)</li> </ul>				
2. What factors / forces could prevent you from achieving these aims, objectives and outcomes?	10. LEAN#1 Low nun 11. LEAN#2 Client M 12. Absence project o 13. Fraikin buy-out m 14. Contracts more c	rom Fraikin not received nber of LEAN opportunities identified		

<b>3.</b> Who are the customers? Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	<i>Customers</i> : Children receiving transport <i>Affected stakeholders</i> : Suppliers, parents & carers, schools, transport planning team, SENARS team
<ul> <li>4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so:</li> <li>Who are the partners?</li> <li>Who has the overall responsibility?</li> </ul>	- Currently 20% outsourced, client & operational delivery by one team (Transport Planning Team) - Project will move to 100% commissioned over 3 years
<b>4a.</b> How are/will they be involved in this assessment?	- The Transport Team have chosen the ordering of the routes to be offered to the market, will be involved in the LEAN review & will become the client team
reviewed to determine the potential important interpolation involvement tracker, customer satisfact and national research, evaluations etc	nce / Data ess the impact of your proposals? Include the actual data, statistics and evidence (including full references) pact on each equality group (protected characteristic). This can include results from consultations and the tion surveys, focus groups, research interviews, staff surveys, workforce profiles, service users profiles, local fine protected characteristics. Where you have gaps, you may need to include this as an action to address in
Age (including carers of young/older people)	500 service user customers aged 5 – 25, staff age profile 3% 70+, 43% 60+, 35% 50+, 11% 40+, 8% <39.
Disability (including carers of disabled people)	All customers have a physical or learning difficulty, ages range from 5 to 25.
Gender Reassignment	No impact

Marriage / Civil Partnership	No Impact			
Pregnancy and Maternity	No Impact			
Race	No Impact			
Religion and Belief	No Impact			
Sex / Gender	More male customers than Female			
Sexual Orientation	No Impact			
<b>6</b> . Is there any other (local, regional, national research, reports, media) data sources that can inform this assessment? There is likely to be a growth in SEN children & young adults according to demographic projections.				
Include this data (facts, figures, evide section.	nce, key findings) in this			
• •	ion on your proposals? (this may include consultation with staff, members, stakeholders, residents and service users)			
data/information for any of the protect your proposals as how they will affect <b>Guidance on consultation/con</b>	consultation as yet, you should consider whether you need to. For example, if you have insufficient ad characteristics and you are <b>unable</b> to assess the potential impact, you may want to consult with them on them. Any proposed consultation needs to be <b>completed before</b> progressing with the rest of the EqIA. <b>Imunity involvement toolkit can be accessed via the link below</b> <u>nsultation/169/community_involvement_toolkit</u>			

(1)Who was consulted? What consultation methods were used?		What do the results show about the impact on different equality groups (protected characteristics)?	What action are you going to take as a result of the consultation? This may include revising your proposals, steps to mitigate any adverse impact. (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5)	
(1) Head Teachers of special schools	Face to face meetings	No impact on particular groups other than disabled customers	<ul> <li>(1) ensue that suppliers meet quality objectives</li> <li>(2) ensure parents agree any new independent travel arrangements</li> <li>(3) consult with target audience in policy refresh &amp; new services through school involvement</li> </ul>	
(2) Team Manager: Transport Team Face to face meetings		Certain disabled customers would prefer continuity in drivers & escorts, Team input is essential in specifying contracts, roles & work tasks.	<ul> <li>(1) ensue that suppliers meet contractual quality objectives</li> <li>(2) ensure the transport team lead the appropriate work-streams (LEAN, Absence, Market Engagement, ITT, DTP)</li> </ul>	
(3) Team Manager: SENARS	Face to face meetings	The SEN users would like a travel-training service, SEN parents & carers would like a direct payment option. Clients of Special Transport prefer consistency in transport provision.	<ul> <li>(1) continue to develop an ITT service</li> <li>(2) continue to develop a DTP option</li> <li>(3) request that suppliers seek</li> <li>consistency in provision</li> </ul>	

Stage 3: Assessing	g Impact ar	nd Analysis		
8. What does your	information	n tell you ab	out the impact on different groups? Consider whethe	r the evidence shows potential for differential impact,
if so state whether	this is an a	dverse or p	ositive impact? How likely is this to happen? How you	
Protected Characteristic	Positive	Adverse	Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to happen and the extent of impact if it was to occur.	What measures can you take to eliminate or reduce the adverse impact(s)? E.g. consultation, research, implement equality monitoring etc (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5)
Age (including carers of young/older people)	Yes	Yes	<ul> <li>Positive/Negative: 45% of staff are 60 or over</li> <li>Definite change &amp; potential redundancy could be either positive or negative depending on personal circumstances</li> </ul>	- Offering voluntary redundancy - TUPE being available
Disability (including carers of disabled people)	Yes	Small	- Greater number of independent travellers - Changed transport provider & staff	<ul> <li>safety training before commencement</li> <li>seek staff continuity in provider contracts</li> <li>give notice of change to transport users</li> </ul>
Gender Reassignment	No	No		
Marriage and Civil Partnership	No	No		
Pregnancy and Maternity	No	No		
Race	No	No		
Religion or Belief	No	No		
Sex	No	No		
Sexual Orientation	No	No		

Other (please state)	No	No			
For example, when mean ensuring that understand the cur <b>Example:</b> A local authority is are funding and de and community tra may disadvantage changes to these a people's participati equality of all these will need to be con different equality g people, have been	n conductin t you have mulative eff making ch livering so nsport. Sm disabled p areas could on in public proposals sidered to roups, part identified a	ig a major re sufficient re fect of all of anges to fo cial care, da all changes eople, but t have a sig c life. The a s, and appro ensure that icularly in th and do not o spread the o	ur different policies. These ay care, and respite for carers in each of these policies he cumulative effect of nificant effect on disabled ctual and potential effect on opriate mitigating measures, inequalities between his instance for disabled continue or widen. This may effects of the policy	<i>group</i> for the offer of - There are greater op a positive impact - There are cumulative workforce - It will be difficult to id	e impacts positive impacts on the disabled <b>client</b> greater independence btions for <b>parents &amp; carers</b> that combine to produce e redundancy impacts on the overall <b>Harrow</b> dentify alternative roles for redeployment which may transport workforce with a <b>higher age profile</b>

**10.** How do your proposals contribute towards the requirements of the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED), which requires the Council to have due regard to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different groups.

(Include all the positive actions of your proposals, for example literature will be available in large print, Braille and community languages, flexible working hours for parents/carers, IT equipment will be DDA compliant etc)

Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010	Advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups	Foster good relations between people from different groups	Are there any actions you can take to meet the PSED requirements? (List these here and include them in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5)	
All client needs continue to be met, staff are given options for the their future employment	All staff supported in change management processes	<i>Client, parent &amp; carer needs met by proposals</i>	Providing support to staff, providing new services for clients, meeting the needs of clients	

**11.** Is there any evidence or concern that your proposals may result in a protected group being disadvantaged (please refer to the Corporate Guidelines for guidance on the definitions of discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other prohibited conduct under the Equality Act)?

	Age (including carers)	Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes	Potential								
No		Positive	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

If you have answered "yes" to any of the above, set out what justification there may be for this in Q12a below - link this to the aims of the proposal and whether the disadvantage is proportionate to the need to meet these aims. (You are encouraged to seek legal advice, if you are concerned that the proposal may breach the equality legislation or you are unsure whether there is objective justification for the proposal)

If the analysis shows the potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage (or potential discrimination) but you have identified a potential justification for this, this information must be presented to the decision maker for a final decision to be made on whether the disadvantage is proportionate to achieve the aims of the proposal.

If there are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)

If the analysis shows unlawful conduct under the equalities legislation, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)	
Stage 4: Decision	
12. Please indicate which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA ( tick one box only)	
Outcome 1 – No change required: when the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or adverse impact and all	
opportunities to enhance equality are being addressed.	
Outcome 2 – Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or enhance equality have been identified by the EqIA. List the	Yes
actions you propose to take to address this in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5	162
Outcome 3 – Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities to enhance	
equality. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to have 'due regard'. In	
some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the adverse	
impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (explain this in 12a below)	
Outcome 4 – Stop and rethink: when there is potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage to one or more protected	
groups. (You are encouraged to seek Legal Advice about the potential for unlawful conduct under equalities legislation)	

Area of potential adverse/ positive impact	Action proposed	Desired Outcome	Target Date	Lead Officer	Progress
Age (adverse)	<ul> <li>Offering voluntary redundancy</li> <li>TUPE being available</li> <li>Providing support to staff</li> <li>Introducing age-profiling of staff decisions</li> </ul>	Making staff aware of options & able to select the right option for them	May to July 2013	BSM	Design of staff consultation process
Disability (positive)	- Offering new ITT service - Offering new DTP service - Seeking consistency in delivery from external providers	Achieving required savings whilst giving more choice, more independence & delivering assurance of supply for client group	ITT: April DTP: June Contracts: Nov	BSM	Programme design starts at first principles of customers needs & desired outcome

Stage 6 - Monitoring The full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented, it is therefore important to ensure effective monitoring measures are in place to assess the impact.

<b>14.</b> How will you monitor the impact of the proposals once they have been implemented? How often will you do this? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5)	- Performance monitoring the ITT & transport contracts - Age-profiling staff decisions			
<b>15</b> . Do you currently monitor this function / service? Do you know who your service users are?	Yes	Yes	No	

<b>16</b> . What monitoring measures need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5)	- Consideration of age-profiling in redundancy options			
<b>17.</b> How will the results of any monitoring be analysed, reported and publicised? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5)	- Reported to Programme Board whilst operational - reporting to commissioning/client team when operational			
<b>18.</b> Have you received any complaints or compliments about the policy, service, function, project or proposals being assessed? If so, provide details.	- Positive feedback about the introduction of new ITT & DTP services			
Stage 7 – Reporting outcomes The completed EqIA must be attached to all committee reports and a sumr	mary of the key findings included in the relevant section within them			
<ul> <li>EqlA's will also be published on the Council's website and made available</li> <li>19. Summary of the assessment</li> <li>NOTE: This section can also be used in your reports, however you must ensure the full EqlA is available as a background paper for the decision makers (Cabinet, Overview and Scrutiny, CSB etc)</li> <li>What are the key impacts – both adverse and positive? Are there any particular groups affected more than others? Do you suggest proceeding with your proposals although an adverse impact has been identified? If yes, what are your justifications for this? What course of action are you advising as a result of this EqlA?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Potential positive impact on client group through new services</li> <li>Need for seeking consistency in supply from new providers</li> <li>Potential negative effect on the workforce that has an older than average age-profile, although individual circumstances might make the potential redundancy a welcomed or positive option</li> </ul>			
<b>20</b> . How will the impact assessment be publicised? E.g. Council website, intranet, forums, groups etc	- Attached to Cabinet Report & published on intranet			
Stage 8 - Organisational sign Off (to be completed by Chair of Departmental Equalities Task Group) The completed EqIA needs to be sent to the chair of your Departmental Equalities Task Group (DETG) to be signed off.				

<b>21</b> . Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?	- Members of the Children's Services EQIA Quality Assurance group		
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)		Signed: (Chair of DETG)	
Date:		Date:	